



DE LA RECHERCHE À L'INDUSTRIE

# EMP control and mitigation at LMJ-PETAL facility

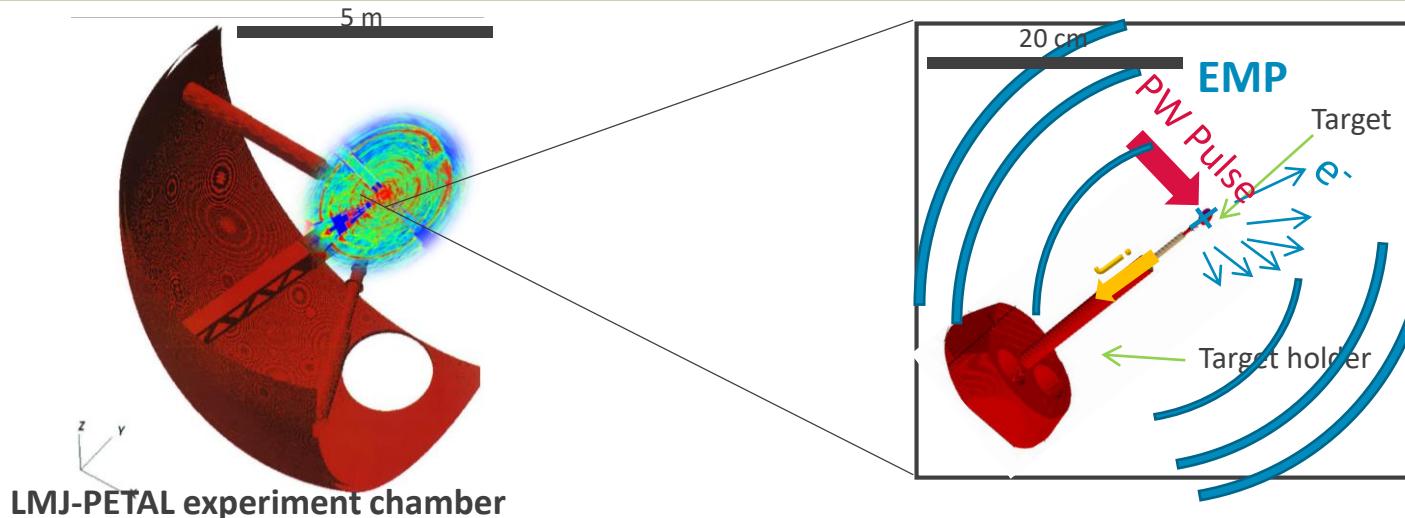
30 septembre 2021

Stéphane COUDERT, Matthieu BARDON and Bertrand ETCHESSAHAR

- I) EMP: motivation, phenomenology and modeling
- II) Design and guarantee of EMP mitigation at LMJ-PETAL facility
- III) Design of a new Current diagnostic for LMJ-PETAL facility

# EMP at LMJ-PETAL facility: phenomenology

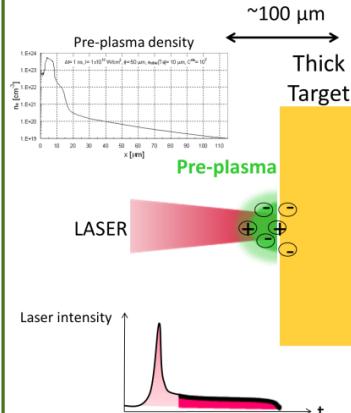
## ➤ Phenomenology: main mechanism



### 1D ESTHER code [CEA]

Hydrodynamic

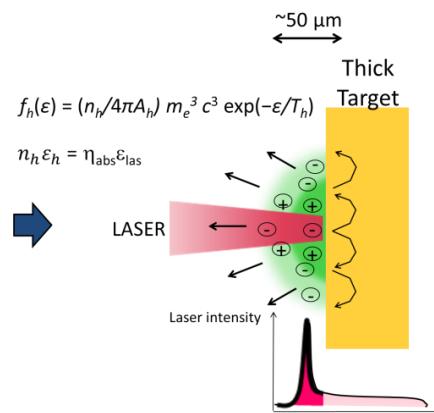
Calculation of the plasma density profile  
scale  $\sim 100 \mu\text{m}$



### 3D CALDER code [CEA] + MCNP code

Laser-plasma interaction + Particle transport

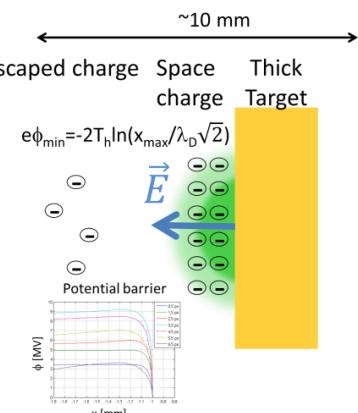
Electrons & protons emissivity calculation  
scale  $\sim 50 \mu\text{m}$



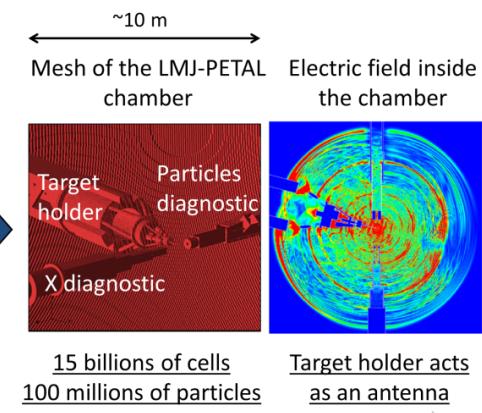
### 3D SOPHIE code [CEA]

Particles propagation in EM fields

Escaped charge calculation  
scale  $\sim 1 \text{ cm}$

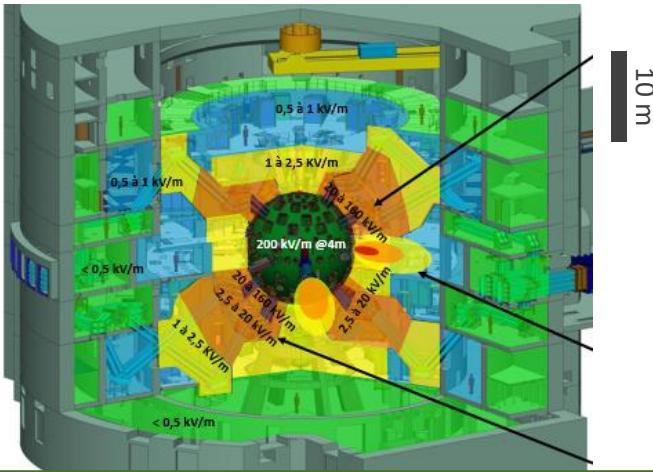


EM fields in the experimental chamber  
scale  $\sim 10 \text{ m}$



# Motivation

➤ EMP amplitude PETAL 1 kJ



Petal 1kJ (future) :

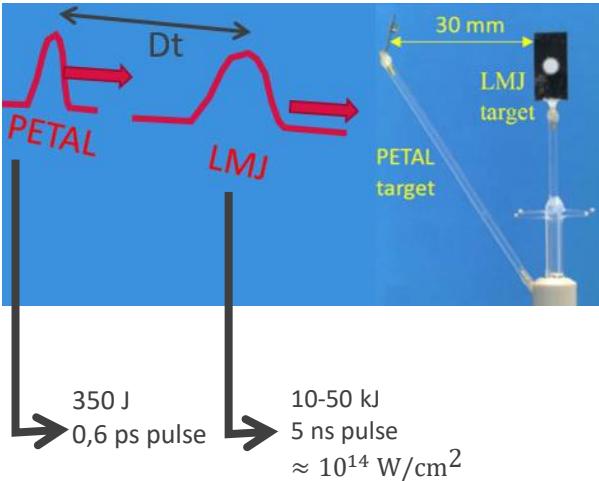
Frequencies: 0.1-10 GHz

Current: 10 kA

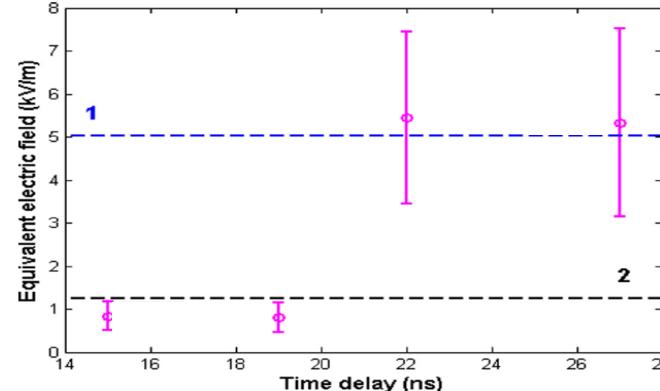
EMP amplitude 40 cm from target: ~MV/m

- An electromagnetic pulse which can lead to equipments and diagnostics failures.

➤ GREGORI experiment

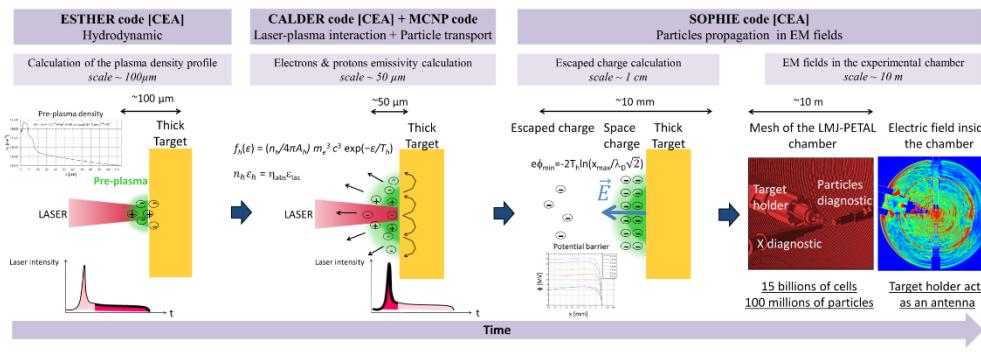


Electric field amplitude at 4 m from the target



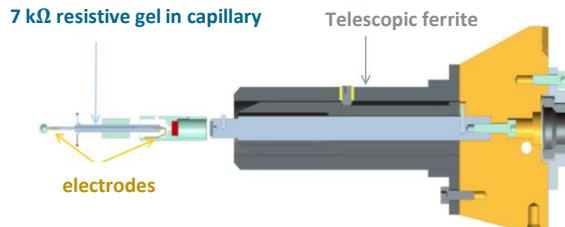
- Dt>20 ns, PETAL EMPs are generated.
- Dt<20 ns, PETAL EMPs are NOT generated.

## ❖ EMP modeling and measurements

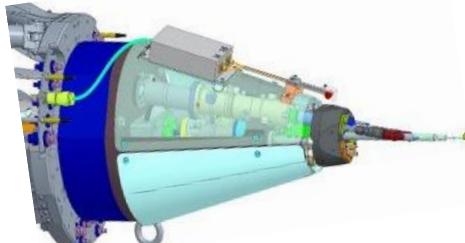


**H far field measurement**  
(LMJ-PETAL experiment chamber)

## ❖ Design of an EMP mitigation device



## ❖ Design of a current and charge diagnostic for LMJ-PETAL facility



## I) EMP: motivation, phenomenology and modeling

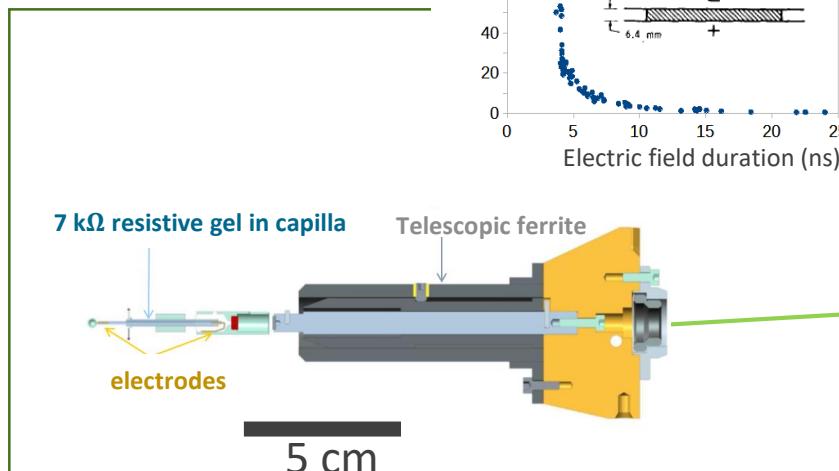
- *A process almost completely understood: far field measurements consistent with simulation chain results*
- *A phenomena which can lead to damage in kJ/ps laser facilities*

## II) Design and guarantee of EMP mitigation at LMJ-PETAL facility

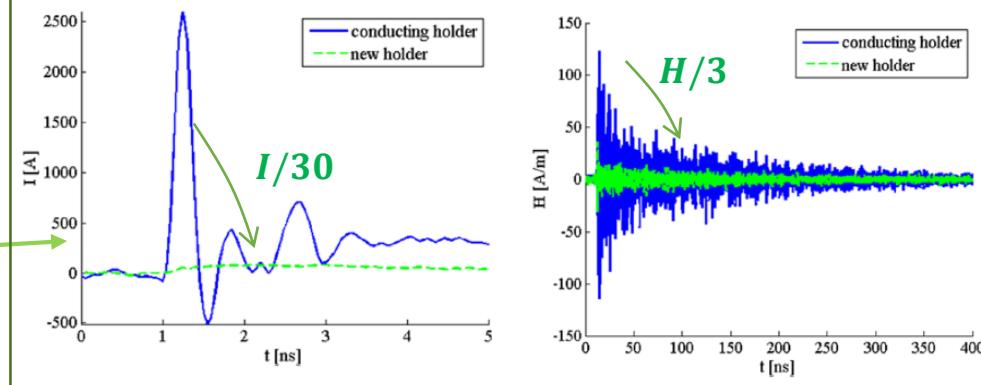
## III) Design of a new current diagnostic for LMJ-PETAL facility

# Design of a new holder robust to breakdown: study at LULI facility

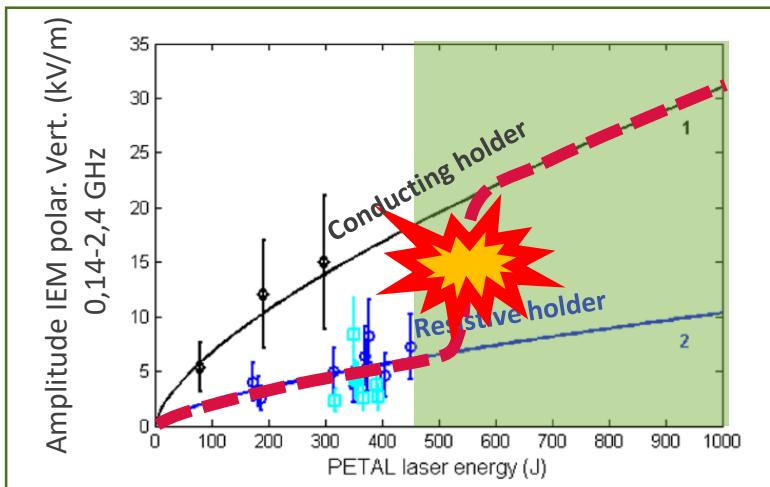
## ➤ Design of a resistive holder



## ➤ Measurement at 80 J LULI facility



## ➤ EMP measurement at PETAL facility

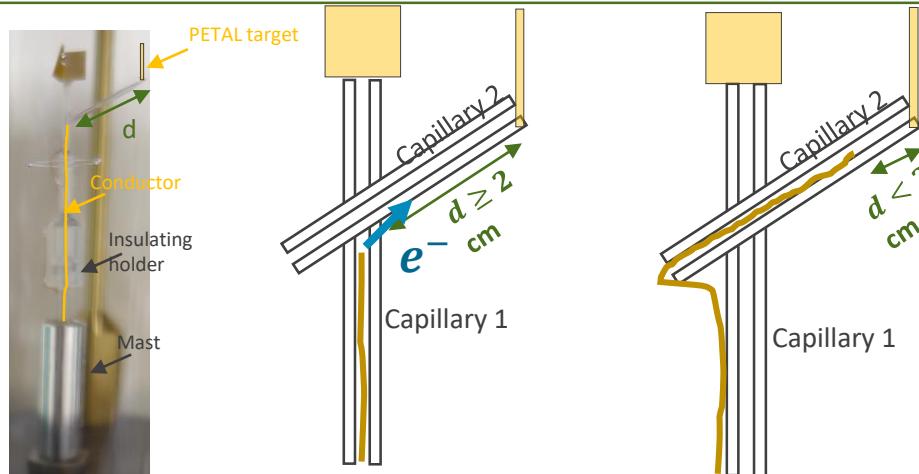


- EMP amplitude divided by a factor 3
- Performance of resistive holder comparable with isolating holder
- Robustness of mitigation device to higher energies up to 1.2 kJ must be demonstrated

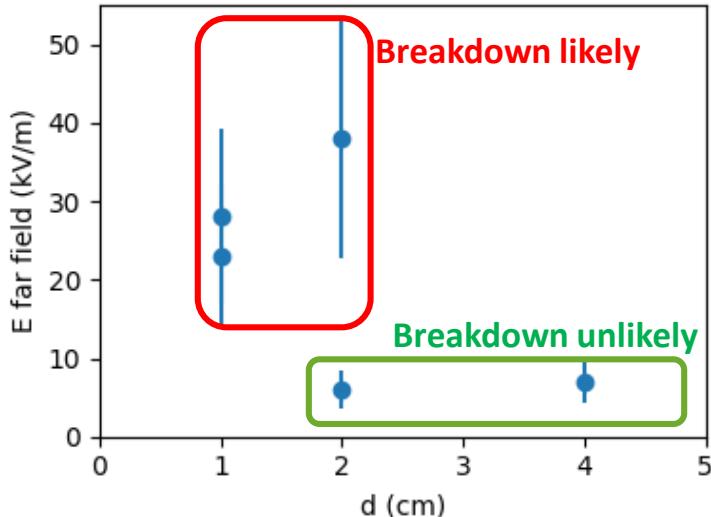
# Study of laser induced electrical breakdown

- As passenger on 2021 PETAL experiment (equivalent 100 J for EMP)

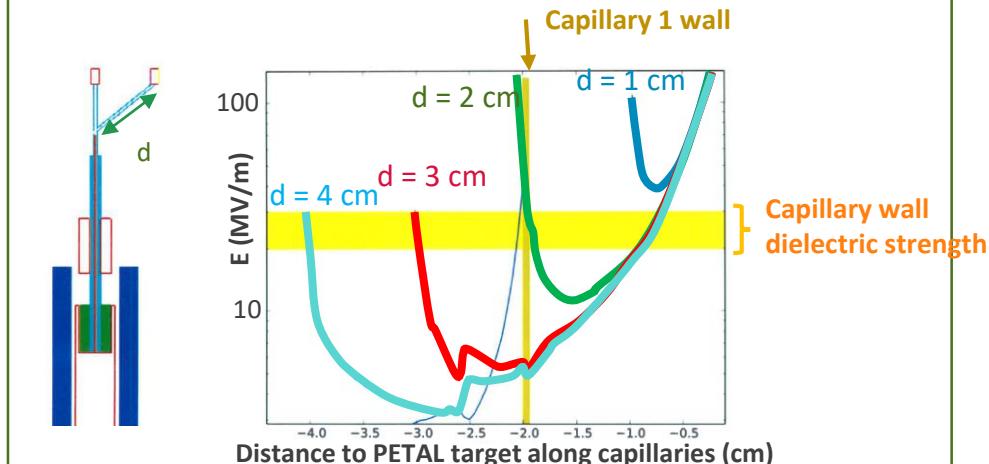
Idea: increase artificially the electric field in the insulating capillary in order to generate point effect and electrical break down.



EMP far field measurement



EM Sophie Simulations



Numerical results consistent with far field experimental EMP amplitude

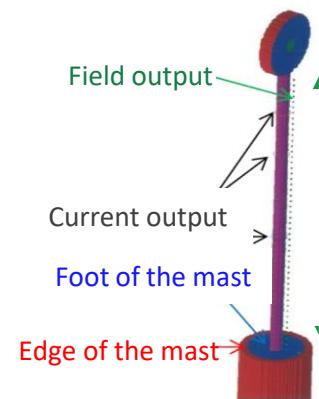
# Guarantee of mitigation device up to 1 kJ

- Next step (project for 2022):

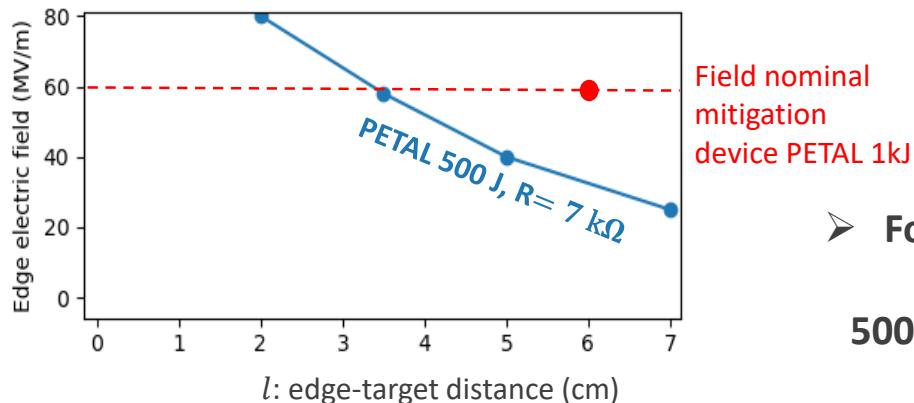
Campaign on VULCAN and PETAL facilities:

- Goal: to guarantee the robustness of the resistive EMP mitigation device with respect to electrical breakdown at 1 kJ with 450 J energetic laser pulse.

$$\Rightarrow I \searrow \Rightarrow E \nearrow$$



## SOPHIE Simulations:



- For breakdown :

$$500 \text{ J}, 7 \text{ k}\Omega, l = 3.5 \text{ cm} \Leftrightarrow 1 \text{ kJ}, 7 \text{ k}\Omega, l = 6 \text{ cm}$$

## I) EMP: motivation, phenomenology and modeling

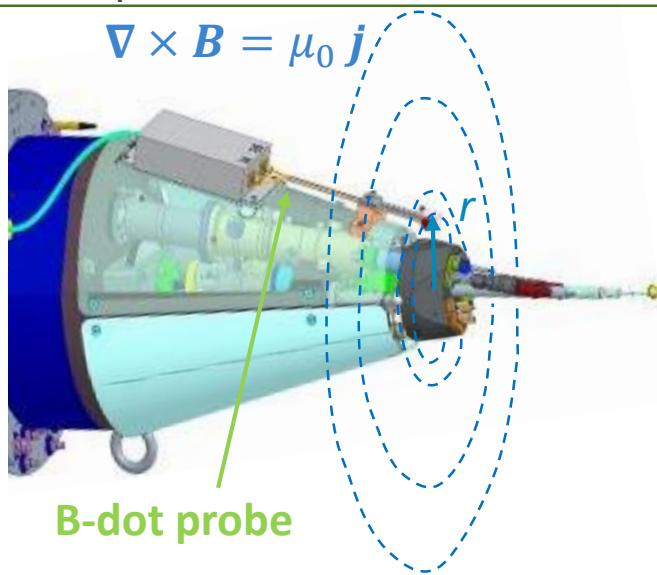
- *A process almost completely understood: far field measurements consistent with simulation chain results*
- *A phenomena which can lead to damage in kJ/ps laser facilities*

## I) Design and guarantee of EMP mitigation at LMJ-PETAL facility

- *Development of mitigation device which reduces current and EMP amplitude*
- *Mitigation device which should be robust with respect to electrical breakdown*
- *Experimental observation of electrical breakdown generated by laser*
- *Understanding of electrical breakdown provided by EM simulations*
- *Experimental campaigns on PETAL and VULCAN facilities in 2022-2022*

## II) Design of a new current diagnostic for LMJ-PETAL facility

## ➤ Concept



$$\text{Near field } \Rightarrow \oint \mathbf{B}(\mathbf{r}) \cdot d\mathbf{l} = \mu_0 I$$

Assuming axisymmetry of the magnetic field:

$$\text{Maxwell-Ampère: } 2\pi r B(r) = \mu_0 I$$

#### Advantages:

- Broad band sensor ( $0.1 \Rightarrow 10$  GHz)
- Easy to implement on LMJ-PETAL facility

#### Requirements:

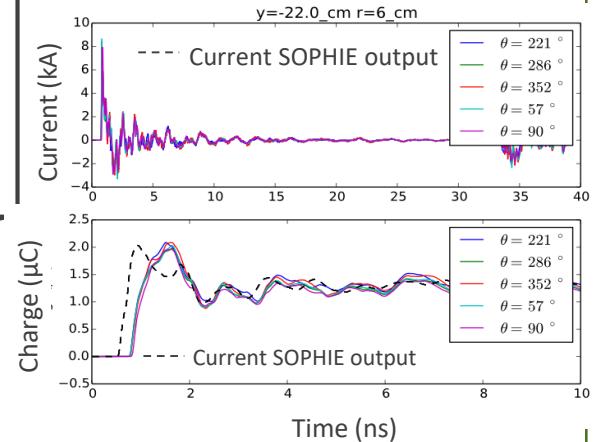
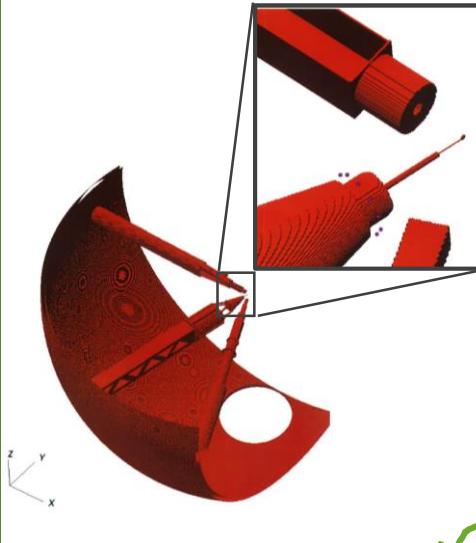
- Robust axisymmetry of magnetic field with respect to chamber geometry
- Robust to high voltages (up to 7 kV)

# Validation of the robustness with respect to geometry

## ➤ Concept

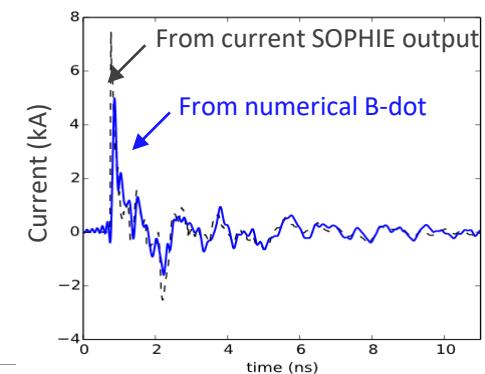
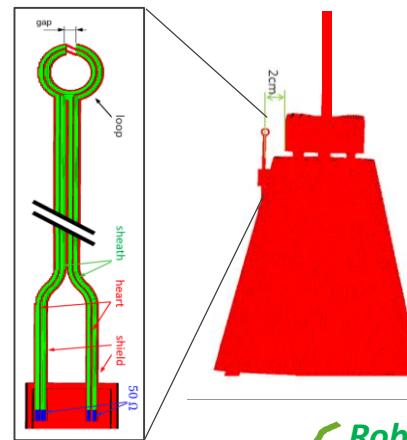
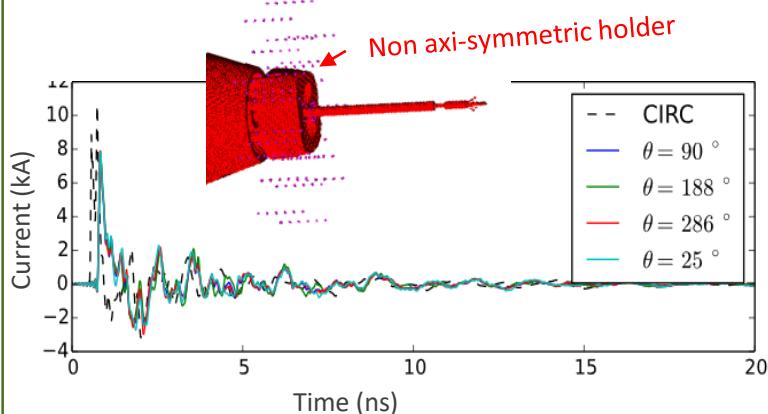
Comparison of current SOPHIE output (CIRC), with results obtained with several one-single point B-field measurements within various chamber geometry.

## ➤ Robustness of the method with respect to global chamber geometry SOPHIE simulation



✓ Robustness validated by simulation

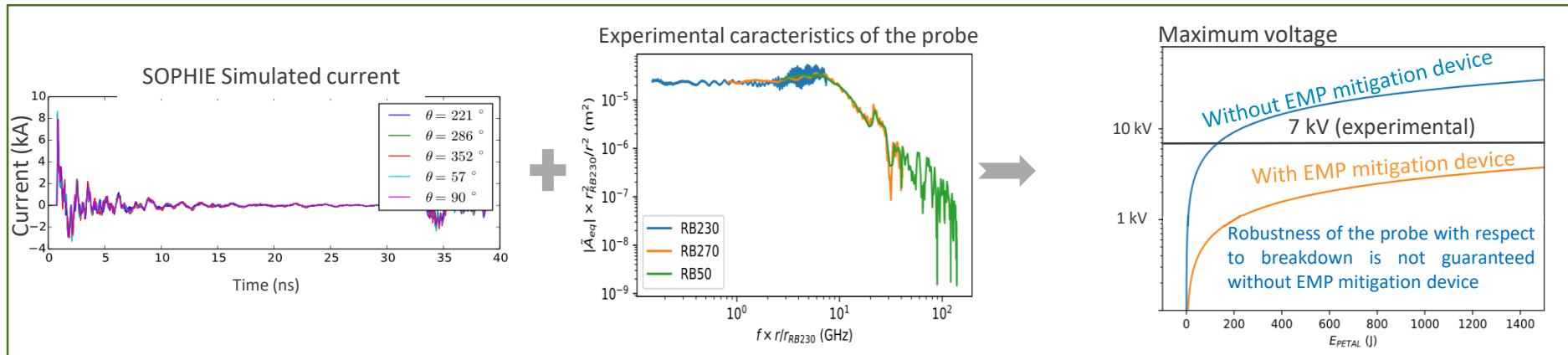
## ➤ Robustness of the method with respect to local geometry EM SOPHIE simulation



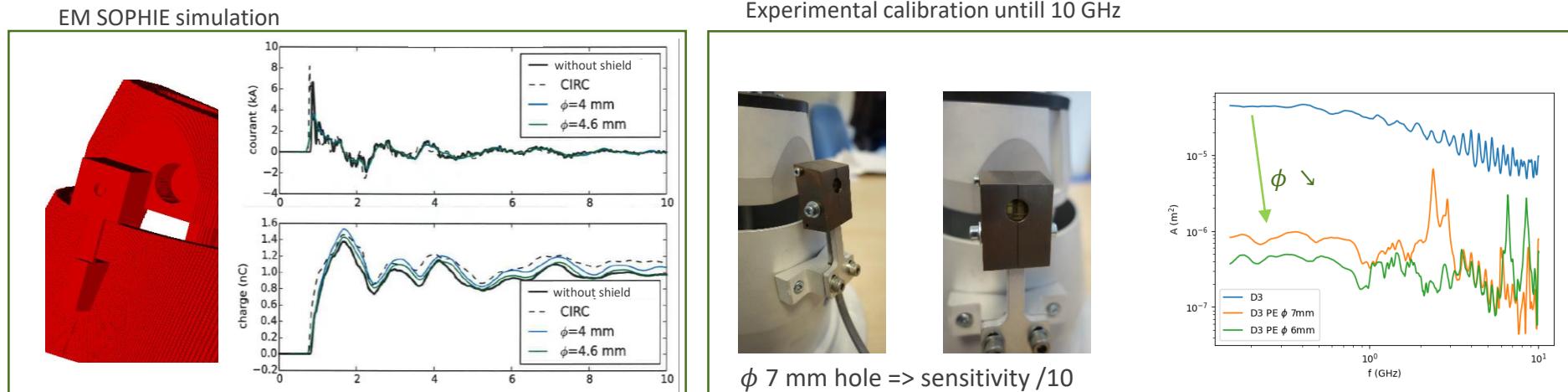
✓ Robustness validated by simulation

# Validation of the robustness with respect to voltage amplitude

## ➤ Amplitude of the voltage inside the probe during experiment :

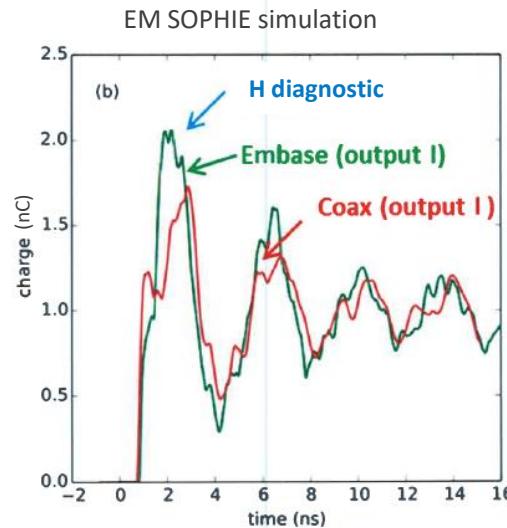
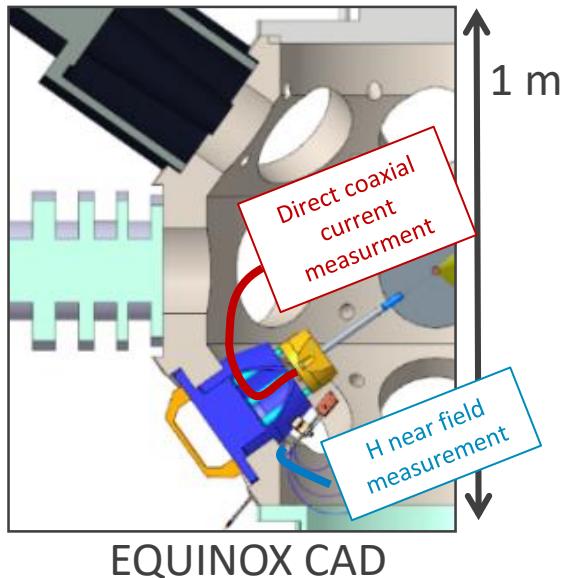


## ➤ Reduction of the voltage by the use of a shield with a hole



# Validation campaign at EQUINOX facility (100 mJ, CEA DIF)

## ➤ Experimental validation campaign at EQUINOX facility 100 mJ (CEA DIF) in 2021



## ➤ Finally:

- Diagnostic designed with SOPHIE simulations
- Robustness with respect to geometry validated
- Robustness to large field improved with specifically designed field attenuator
- Implemented on LMJ-PETAL facility
- Experimental validation of the concept in 2021 at EQUINOX facility
- First results on LMJ-PETAL facility: 2021-2022

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## II) Design of a new current diagnostic for LMJ-PETAL facility

- *Design and integration of a current diagnostic for LMJ-PETAL facility :*
  - *with ad hoc bandwidth*
  - *robust to various experimental chamber configurations*
  - *robust to high voltage*
- *Validation campaign of the concept in 2021*
- *First tests and results at LMJ-PETAL facility on 2021-2022*

[1] F. Consoli et al. 2020, *High Power Laser Science and Engineering* 8

[2] Poyé et al. 2018, *Phys. Rev. E*, 3

[3] Poyé et al. 2015, *Phys. Rev. E*, 91

[4] M. Bardon et al 2020, *Phys. Rev. Research*, 2, 2020.



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**Thank you for your attention**

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